# The Daily Bulletin.

VOL. VII.—NO. 1178.] CHARLOTTE, N. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1863. [$6 PER ANNUM.


THE BULLETIN:

BY EDWARD M. MORTON.

## EVENING NEWS.

FIRST EDITION.

Friday Afternoon, Feb'y. 20, '63.

[TELEGRAPHED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

### Northern News.

RICHMOND, Feb. 19.

The New York *Herald* of the 16th says: "The Illinois Legislature passed strong revolutionary resolutions, chiefly made up of violent denunciations of President Lincoln's Administration, and of provisions for an armistice and a peace convention to be held at Louisville, Ky. Similiar resolutions are pending in the Indiana Legislature.

President Davis' message excited much attention in England. The *Post*, (Palmerston's organ) commends its ability and acknowledges the right of secession and promises recognition of the South at a future day.

The Washington correspondent of the *Herald* says that prominent Republicans have been heard to announce themselves in favor of peace upon any terms. Expressions of such sentiments caused quite a commotion among politicians in Washington.

The report of the Committee on Territories shows that the Mormons are openly inimical to the Government of the United States.

The Indian Bureau has received information that the Sioux and Pawnees have made a treaty of peace with the Government.

The Polish insurrection has been suppressed.

News received from Mexico indicates that the French are making but little progress.

### Capture of the Federal Vessel Queen of the West.

MOBILE, Feb. 19.

PORT HUDSON, Feb. 17.—Capt. Cannon from Red river, brings information of the capture of the Federal steamer *Queen of the West* at Gordon's Landing, Fort Taylor, on Red river.

The *Queen of the West* captured the Confederate steamer *Era*, number five, and forced her pilot, John Burke to take the wheel, and ordered him to take the gunboat to our batteries. Burke feigned fear, but finally took the wheel under a Yankee guard. Upon nearing our batteries he told the Yankees they were fifteen miles below them, immediately putting close in, when she received a shot which broke her steam pipe, and disabling the boat, the Yankees being perfectly unprepared for fight, and suspecting no danger. Burke jumped overboard and swam ashore The boat drifted to the opposite shore when her crew made their escape, with the exception of eighteen, who fell into our hands. The crew subsequently got aboard of the Yankee boat *De Soto*, with two hundred stolen negroes and effected their escape.

The *Queen of the West* is now in possession of the Confederates, and will be towed to a place of safety for repairs.

It is reported that the Yankee gunboat *Indianola* has gone up Red river to recapture her.

The conduct of Burke has elicited the highest enconiums.

Later intelligence states that the Confederate steamer *Webb* closely pursued and captured the *Era*.

The *Era* is disabled in one wheel. The *Queen of the West* is but slightly injured, and will soon be in fighting trim, under Confederate colors.

Positive information states that the transport *De Soto* was burnt by the Federals to prevent her falling into the hands of the Confederates.

PORT HUDSON, Feb. 18.—The Alexandria *Democrat* in an extra received here, contains the official report of the capture of the *Queen of the West*, of J. Kelze, commanding the fortifications on Red river.—He says that two gunboats made their appearance in front of this position at five o'clock last evening, and after a brief cannonade, the leading gunboat, *Queen of the West*, struck her colors, and I immediately ordered Capt. Hulton, of the Crescent Artillery and Lieut. De La Huntley, to go aboard and demand her surrender. These officers report but thirteen officers and crew on board. The others escaped under cover of the night. The visible results of the capture consists in one 32-pounder rifle parrot gun, one 24-pounder, three 12-pounders, one 12-pounder, (slightly damaged,) besides a large supply of ordnance stores, a large stock of quinine, with five cases of amputating instruments, and of dental instruments, clothing, flour, bacon, beef, pork, hard bread, and other stores in proportion.

The *Democrat* says "the victory is complete, grand and decided, and we are ready to capture all such crafts as Vickeburg allows to pass."

### Arrival of a French Steamer.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 19.

The French war steamer *Milan* arrived here to day, and now lies anchored with the British steamer *Petrel* within the harbor.

### Confederate Congress.

RICHMOND, Feb. 19.

SENATE.—In the Senate to-day the House resolutions of thanks to Gen. Magruder, the officers and men of his command, for their achievements at Galveston was unanimously concurred in. The House bill for refunding to Alabama the amount of the war tax overpaid by her was passed. The exemption bill was further considered. Mr. Henry's substitute to the second section of the bill was agreed to. It exempts one person on each farm or plantation, sole proprietor, a minor, persons of unsound mind, *feme sole*, persons absent from home in military or naval service of the Confederacy, on which there are twenty or more slaves, etc. Pending the further consideration of the bill, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The House passed the bill to prevent fraud in the Quartermaster's and Commissary Departments. The consideration of the currency question was resumed in secret session.

### Movements of the Yankee Army.

RICHMOND, Feb. 19.

It has been ascertained that twenty-five or thirty thousand Yankee troops have been sent from the army of the Potomac to Suffolk and Newport News. Burnside's old division occupies the latter place.—Cabins, ovens and other evidences of a protracted encampment have been erected. Five steam transports are, however, kept in readiness in Hampton Roads.

### The Revolution in the Northwest.

As a sign of the trouble brewing in the Northwest, we take the following paragraph from a leading editorial of the Chicago Tribune of a recent date:

The ties of the Northwest to New England are not indissoluble; and in the changes and organizations that are possible as the consequences of the present revolt, it is necessary for the West to make an election where she will go, she will become an appending of neither the Middle States nor of the South. She will declare her independence of both, and right here, in the heart of the continent, the possessor of the finest soil and the best climate in the hemisphere, with more than ten millions of people, and the prospect of a rapid increase, will organize an empire that will dominate over all other fractions of the republic, and which will have the power to compell the opening of half a dozen routes to tide water upon terms and conditions that we now plead for in vain.

The Springfield, Ill., correspondent of the same journal, speaking of the designs of what he is pleased to call the "secession movement" in the legislature of that State, says:

Its object is the establishment of a great slave-holding Confederacy, to take in as many free and border slave States as possible, and extend its sway over the countries bordering on the Gulf of Mexico and the islands of the same. I tell the people of the State of Illinois that, in the event of the recognition of the South, which the leading and controlling Democrats consider *un fait accompli*, they will have a desperate and perhaps bloody struggle to prevent this State from being attached thereto.

The St. Louis Democrat also discourses about "revolution in Illinois," on account of a proposed amendment of the Constitution, remarking as follows:

In view of these facts it is plain to be seen that a crisis of no little importance, if the conspirators do not pause in their work, is approaching in the affairs of our sister State of Illinois. Upon Governor and people alike will rest a fearful responsibility. The Governor is pledged by his oath of office to defend and maintain the Constitution. Such a direct and palpable assault upon its provisions as appears to be in contemplation by its enemies cannot fail to escape his notice and demand his interposition by all the power he possesses.

In Indiana the Legislature is in like manner agitated by partisan debate. Gov. Morton professes to have information that secret political organizations in that State is seeking the overthrow of the Government, and with numbers sufficient to excite apprehension on his part, not only in Indiana, but all the Northwestern States

RESIGNATION OF STANLY.—We are indebted to friends below for a bundle of late Northern papers. The New York World of Jan 30th, has a letter from Newbern, N. C.:

NEWBERN, Jan. —.—Gov. Stanley's resignation was sent hence to Washington by the last mail. It is based upon the President's emancipation proclamation, which he strenuously opposes.

The Third New York Cavalry recently made a brilliant and successful reconnoissance to Jacksonville, 60 miles from Newbern, fighting, the rebels fearfully and capturing valuable stores.

Gen. Foster is accepting the services of negroes for garrison duty, notwithstanding the remonstances of Gen. Stanley.—*Raleigh Progress.*

PLANT LARGE CROPS.—A mighty effort should be made not only to raise large crops of corn and oats, but the area devoted to potatoes, peas, sugar cane, beets, carrots, parsnips, and every sort of vegetable, should be largely increased. Profit and patriotism both urge this policy.—Whether there be peace or not, these articles must necessarily command very high prices In case of peace, we should have enough of our own to keep out Federal produce.

### From New Orleans.

A gentleman who is in all respects reliable, and who left New Orleans on Wednesday last, brings some interesting intelligence from that city He says the Federal vessel Brooklyn came up to the city badly riddled It is supposed the damage was inflicted upon her by Confederate war vessels Ten of the pilots in the Federal blockading squadron were confined in the Custom House for alleged treachery in permitting two Confederate steamers to pass the blockade and procure coal from two schooners inside the Yankee lines. He says the Mississippi was sent out in chase after these vessels, eighteen days ago and no tidings of her had been received.

He also states that one hundred and fifty Federal officers had arrived in New Orleans, and sixty of them were confined in Custom House for disloyalty. It is the prevailing opinion among the true men of the city that the Federals are preparing to evacuate not only Baton Rouge, but New Orleans also.—*Mississippian.*

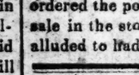
The policy of raising and arming negro regiments seems to have been finally adopted by the Administration. So abhorrent was this policy to the country a few months ago, that the Administration did not dare to adopt it, and a regiment which the shallow-brained Hunter had raised in South Carolina, was disbanded by an order from Washington.

This was before the calls for the last six hundred thousand men. No more men (white men) being expected by voluntary enlistment, the administration feels unrestrained as to the abolition negro schems, —hence the negro soldier policy.—*Chicago Times.*

RYE COFFEE—ITS DANGERS.—A case of some interest to the drinkers of "rye" coffee has occurred in Brooklyn, N. Y.—Several members of a family there were seriously affected by poison, alleged to have been contained in the coffee they drank. An examination was made by the health officer of Brooklyn, who discovered that the sickness was caused by the continued use of coffee made by rye, and he was confirmed in his opinion by making experiments upon a dog. He therefore ordered the police to seize the packages on sale in the store from which the family alluded to had procured the coffee.


A. W. ALEXANDER,

*DENTIST*



Offers his professional services to the public. He is prepared to execute all operations belonging to Dentistry.

Building 2d floor, North corner room.

I take pleasure in recommending Dr. Alexander, to my patrons—and to my own confidence in his skill. I shall have him to operate on the teeth of my own Family.

Feb. 20-dtf. E. H. ANDREWS.

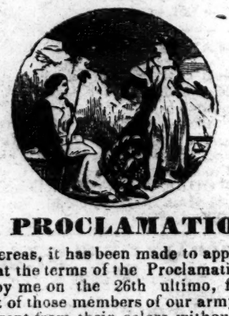
**Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.**

Prepayment must be made on all Freights going up this Road at this point, when not paid south of this.

JAS. DANIEL, Agent.

Feb 18, 1863—tf

**By the Governor of North Carolina.**



**A PROCLAMATION.**

Whereas, it has been made to appear to me that the terms of the Proclamation issued by me on the 26th ultimo, for the benefit of those members of our army who are absent from their colors without proper leave, may not have been known to all who might have desired to avail themselves of its merciful provisions in time for them to do so.

Now therefore I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor of the State of North Carolina, do issue this second Proclamation, extending the time limited in the former to the 5th day of March next. All such persons as above referred to, who shall have reported to their several camps by that day, will suffer no punishment for their past delinquinces. To those who shall not have so reported, nothing can be promised except the severest penalties of the military law.

In witness whereof, I, Zebulon B. Vance, Governor, Captain General and Commander-in-Chief, have signed these presents and caused the great Seal of the State to be affixed.

L. S.

Done at our city of Raleigh, this 12th day of February, A. D., 1863, and in 87th year of our Independence.

By order of the Governor,

Z. B. VANCE.

R. H. BATTLE, JR.,
Private Secretary.

Feb 16, '63—d6t cj3t

**BROWN SUGAR FOR SALE.**

We have a lot of choice Brown SUGAR, in 100 pound sacks.

Apply to WM. TIDDY,
or RICHARD TIDDY.

Feb 7, 1863—tf

**SUPERIOR SEWING SILK.**

The subscriber has just received an invoice of the very best ITALIAN SEWING SILK, which he offers to the public at 12½ cents per skein.

J. S. PHILLIPS.

Feb 14, 1863—dtf

**NURSE WANTED.**

WANTED to hire a competent Nurse, for whom a liberal price will be paid by the month or balance of the year.

Apply to Room No. 42, Mansion House, Charlotte. Feb 16—3t

**NEW GOODS.**

JUST RECEIVED AND WILL BE

**MADE TO ORDER**

OR

SOLD BY THE YARD

**Super. West of England Black Cloths,**

**Satin Finished Black Doeskin Cassimeres,**

**English Grey Cloths, & fine Article for Confederate**

**UNIFORMS.**

ALSO,

**Confederate Staff Buttons.**

BY J. S. PHILLIPS.

Feb 14, 1863—dtw28tw4t

**BONDS FOR SALE.**

North Carolina 6 per cent. and Confederate 8 per cent. Bonds for sale at the Bank of Charlotte.

Feb. 7, 1863—dtf

**WANTED,**

At the North Carolina Powder Mills, 10,000 White Oak and Chesnut STAVES of the following dimentions: 42 inches wide by 2 inches thick and 36 inches long.

S. W. DAVIS, Pres.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov 17, 1862—tf

**ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.**

THE TRAINS on this Road will on and after Monday next, leave 3rd Creek, (head of Road,) at 5:30, A. M., and return to that Station 10 minutes later than at present.

E. HURLBERT, Gen'l Supt.

Oct. 3, 1862—tf

**JUST TO HAND.**

Those Heavy Blue Cotton Drills and Bleach Huckaback Diapers.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Dec. 11-dtf.

**ENGLISH GOODS.**

Received per Southern Express, Gentlemen and Youths Cassimere Suits, West End Collars. Daily expecting White and Fancy colored Shirts.

For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BROS.

August 1, 1862—tf

**ATLANTIC, TENN. & OHIO RAIL ROAD.**

At a meeting of the Directors of the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Road Company on the 18th instant, the following resolutions were adopted:

*Resolved*, That all subscriptions of Stock heretofore made to the Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Rail Road Company, on which three or more instalments have been paid, and on which default has been made to pay the balance due, are hereby declared forfeited to the use and benefit of the Company, including all payments made on the same, provided all arrearages on said stock are not paid by the 15th of October next.

*Resolved*, That suit be instituted against all other solvent and delinquent Stockholders failing to make payment by the 1st of October next.

*Resolved*, That the reduced rates for passengers returning same day are hereby abolished.

M. L. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

Sept. 15, 1862—tf

**TO THE LADIES.**

NEW PARIS STYLES!—NEW PARIS STYLES!!!

WE would call the particular attention of the Ladies to our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT, which is presenting a great varity of attractive styles. Our Bonnet Frames are of the latest and most approved Paris styles, *Our Own Importation*. Our stock of Materials is the largest and best assorted and selected in the Confederacy.

The whole department is under the immediate supervision of our Head Milliner, Miss Kerr, late of Charleston, a lady of acknowledged refined taste the press of business in the line has compelled us to make an addition to our list of Milliners and we have been most fortunate in the selection of Miss Hogan—also of Charleston. Having now, such a fine stock and so large a force to work up we will be enabled to fill any order with dispatch.

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Charlotte, Nov. 28 '62—

**FLOUR MILL FOR SALE.**

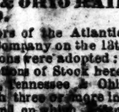
The subscriber having entered into a contract for building the Rail Road from Danville to Greensboro, is desirous of devoting his whole time to the work, and offers his STEAM MILL for sale. The property is situated in the town of Charlotte, on the North Carolina Rail Road, has six run of Mill Stone and the Flour manufactured has a high reputation throughout the Southern Confederacy.

It has also a Barrel Story, with improved Machinery, and Cooper shops attached, which will be sold with the Mill or separately.

JOHN WILKES.

August 28, '62—tf.

**NOTICE.**



On account of age and infirmity, I will sell my HOUSE in the Town of Monroe, Union county, N. C.; Also the furniture and fixtures, stable, offices, &c., all of which are new and in complete order. The Charlotte, Lincolnton and Rutherfordton Rail Road passes through the town and this is the only Hotel in the place. Also three town lots besides, lying near the Hotel. Also a fine plantation, having 75 acres of fresh land, joining the town. Any person desirous of purchasing will find me at all times ready to show the property and willing to dispose of it on very favorable terms.

JAMES BICKET.

Monroe, N. C., Feb 12, 1863—twtf

**RECRUITS WANTED.**

I have been appointed recruiting officer for Graham's N. C. Battalion (formerly Brem's,) and will be found at Lincolnton to enlist all men who may wish to avail themselves of the temporary suspension of the conscript act. I will receive recruits for any company in Gen. Daniel's Crack Brigade. Considerable and State bounties will be paid. Any boy in Mecklenburg wishing to enlist will call and see Capt. T. H. Brem.

T. L. SEIG, Lieut.
Graham's N. C. Battalion.

Feb. 6—tf

**HARNESS LEATHER FOR SALE.**

About Two Thousand pounds of choice HARNESS LEATHER is offered for sale. Apply to WM. TIDDY,
or RICHARD TIDDY.

Feb. 7, 1863—tf

**FOR SALE!**

A large quantity of superior French Silk Elastic for Gaiters, and any quantity of best English Ball Shoe Thread.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

January 26, 1863—dtf

**Charlotte & S. C. Rail Road.**

Stockholders desiring their stock dividend will leave their original cirtificates with me. The coupons due upon the Bonds of this Company on the 1st of July will be paid on presentation to the undersigned. A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

June 2, 1862—tf

**Family Flour for Sale.**

At the Charlotte Flouring Mills, can be had a Family, Superfine and Fine FLOUR, SECONDS, SHORTS and BRAN.

Also, MEAL and CHOP.

JOHN WILKES,
Charlotte Flouring Mills.

**NOTICE.**

All persons indebted to Fullings & Springs, by note or account, are hereby notified to call upon Wm. M. Grier, Ex-Sheriff, and make immediate settlement.

J. M. SPRINGS.

Jan 29, 1863—tf

**IMPERIAL TEA.**

A small quantity of this most delicious Green Tea for sale by the single pound at

Jan. 17-dtf. THE BOOK STORE.

**PALMETTO IRON WORKS,**

COLUMBIA, S. C.

WILLIAM GLAZE, Proprietor.
GEORGE A. SHIELDS, Foreman.

MANUFACTURES STEAM ENGINES of any power desired, for Mills and Plantation purposes, at short notice, having at all times on hand some finished, or in a forward state. In connection with our Mill and Engine Work, we have secured the services of Mr. JOHN CRABTREE, who is one of the best Millwrights in the South, to superintend the putting up of Mills and Engines.

**CORN MILLS.**

I am agent for one of the best PORTABLE MILLS now in use, and can furnish any size wanted. Persons wishing the Mills are invited to call at the Works, and witness the operation of the one now in use. The Mill-rock, which is the very best, is procured from Edgefield, S. C., and the Mills are built complete at our Establishment.

**BRASS AND IRON CASTINGS.**

All descriptions of BRASS and IRON CASTINGS executed in the very best manner, and at short notice, as we cast every day in the week. Our stock of patterns is very large, having recently purchased all those formerly owned by G. W. Wright, which being added to those made at my Establishment for the past five years, makes the assortment more full than any other like establishment in the State.

**CIRCULAR SAWS.**

I am agent for R. Hoe & Co's celebrated CIRCULAR SAWS, and also for a manufacturer of the same article in Richmond, Va. A full supply of these SAWS, of all sizes, always on hand. Persons wishing them, will do well to call on me, as I make no charge for fitting them to the mandrels.

**OLD SAWS RE-TOOTHED.**

I have a GUMMING MACHINE on hand, and am prepared to re-tooth old saws, making them as good as new.

**Wire Railing.**

I am agent for one of the largest Wire Railing Companies at the North, and will furnish WINDOW GUARDS, GALLERIES, VERANDAHS, BEDSTEADS, or any description of Wire Work, at the book prices of the manufacturer, which can be seen at my office.

dec 11, 1862-tf WILLIAM GLAZE

**PRINTERS' INK MANUFACTURED BY B. A. RANDALL & CO.,**

MARIETTA, GEORGIA.

**BOOK, NEWS AND COLORED INKS,**

Of an excellent quality, and warranted equal to the best Northern make.

BOOK INK at 50 cents to $4 per lb., in cans of 1 to 10 pounds.

NEWS INK, (fine) at 30 cents per lb. for all orders of 100 pounds and upwards.

NEWS INK, (very fine) at 40 cents per lb., in kegs of 25 and 50 pounds.

COLORED INKS at $1 to $8 per lb., in half pound and pound cans.

☞ Every paper inserting this advertisement for one month and sending us a copy of their paper, will receive pay for the same upon purchasing three times the amount of their bill from us.

mch 13 '62—1m. A. B. R. & CO.

**Removal.**

THE subscriber begs to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No 4 GRANITE ROW, where he is prepared with a full stock of

**GOODS FOR MENS WEAR,**

To supply all who may favor him with a call. Having secured the services of one of the best Cutters in the South, he feels satisfied that he can please the most fastidious.

Oct. 9-tf J. S. PHILLIPS.

**INK MANUFACTORY.**

THE Subscriber has commenced the manufacture of a beautiful

**BLACK WRITING INK.**

It is made from an English recipe, and is remarkable for its brilliancy of color and freedom from all sediments or drugs.

Orders from dealers will be filled with promptness, and at as moderate prices as they have been purchasing for from Northern manufacturers.

Orders solicited, and samples sent wherever requested. Address W. B. JOHNSTON,

aug 30-tf Columbia, S. C.

**Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Rail Road.**

ON and after the 10th of November, the Passenger Train will be run on this Road (Western Division) daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

GOING WEST.

| Arrive | | Leave |
|---|---|---|
| 3.43 A. M. | Charlotte | 8.00 A. M. |
| 9.28 " | Tuskaseege | 8.51 " |
| 9.54 " | Brevard | 9.35 " |
| 10.24 " | Sharon | 9.59 " |
| 10.35 " | Lincolnton | 10.09 " |
| 11.15 " | Cherryville | |

GOING EAST

| Arrive | | Leave |
|---|---|---|
| | Cherryville, | 12 M. |
| 12.45 P. M. | Lincolnton | 12.55 P. M. |
| 1.19 " | Sharon | 1.34 " |
| 1.50 " | Brevard | 1.58 " |
| 2.35 " | Tuskaseege | 2.38 " |
| 3.15 " | Charlotte | |

Passengers are required in all cases, without exception, to purchase tickets, wherever there are ticket agents, and also to furnish the right change, as the Company cannot procure change for every one. An omission to do either subjects the party to an extra charge of 25 cents; which the conductor is strictly required to collect.

By Order,

V. A. MOORE,
Acting Master of Transportation.

Wilmington, Oct. 28, 1862.

**HILL[illegible] N. C.**

**Military Academy.**

The FIFTH year of this Institution will commence on the FIRST

WEDNESDAY [illegible] FEBRUARY, 1863.

For information and circular apply to SUP[illegible] ACADEMY, Hillsboro, N. C.

Nov 28—3m

**NOTICE.**

All Freight [illegible] last two months on the Charlotte, Tennessee & Ohio [illegible] instant. All Ag[illegible]

Oct. 8, 1862—[illegible]

**DISSOLUTION.**

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of STEVENS, SCHUTT & [illegible] Cabinet business is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of L. A. McLEAN. The business will be continued at the same stand by the undersigned, who respectfully solicit a portion of public patronage.

January 26, 1863 STEVENS & CO.

**AT PRIVATE SALE.**

Two large [illegible]-rooms and one Dwelling House with [illegible] rooms, all located near the centre of [illegible]

Apply at Branch Bank of North Carolina. Sept. 23, 62—dtf.

**TO OUR FRIENDS.**

Having removed to the "Carson Buildings," one door above the Branch Bank, our friends will find us ready to attend to their request and meet them socially.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Jan 2, 1863

**TO RENT.**

That handsomely fitted up Store, known as China Hall, one of the best locations in Charlotte [illegible] be rented the ensuing year. For terms, &c., apply to Dr. HAYS.

Dec. 25, [illegible]-tf.

**ELEGANT AND COMFORT.**

The Undersigned have this morning opened a fine assortment of Dark Colored, Small Figured Perkaline Prints selected to please the most fastidious taste. Also Heavy Thibet or Himalayan Shawls or Cashmere Plush, (something entirely new) and Heavy Fine Long and Square Shawls.

These goods are of entirely new styles, having run the blockade within the last three weeks. Call soon at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Dec 11, [illegible]

**STENHOUSE & MACAULAY,**

**Commission Merchants,**

At their [illegible], Trade Street.

Keep constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Family Groceries.

All orders for Flour, Corn, Bacon, &c., promptly and carefully filled.

Factories supplied with Cotton, on commission or for sale.

J. STENHOUSE,
ALLEN MACAULAY.

Charlotte, May 3, 1862—1y

**CHARLOTTE DRUG STORE.**

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co,

RETAIL DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MEDICINES, Chemicals, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Oils, Paints, Varnishes Window Glass, Putty, Dye Stuffs, Turpentine Burning Fluid, Alcohol, Fine Liquors, Canton Teas Field and Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

Having closed our books, we intend to sell here after for cash [illegible]

[May 4, 1861-tf

**Notice.**

OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. R. R. Co., COLUMBIA, Nov. 15, 1862.

The Through Passenger Fare on this Road, on and after the 18th inst., will be SIX DOLLARS, and the local rates corresponding.

E. HULBERT,
Nov 17, 1862—tf Gen'l Sup't

**Double Daily Trains.**

CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

OCTOBER 11, 1862.

DOUBLE DAILY TRAINS are run over this Road as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Leave Columbia | 8.00 A. M. 6.10 P. M. |
| Arrive Charlotte | 3.30 P. M. 2.00 A. M. |
| Leave Charlotte | 9.00 A. M. 9.15 P. M. |
| Arrive Columbia | 3.50 P. M. 5.00 A. M. |

The Trains connect at Charlotte with the North Carolina Railroad, forming a double daily connection with [illegible] and at Columbia with the South Carolina Railroad and the Greenville and Columbia Railroad [illegible]

October 11, [illegible]

E. HULBERT,
General Superintendent

**Charlotte Foundry And Machine Shop.**

HAVING purchased from J. A. Fox the above established [illegible], the undersigned begs leave to call the attention of the public to the fact that he is now ready to fill every order for making Steam Engines and Tobacco Presses, and every description of Machinery. All kinds of Castings in Iron and other metals made at short notice and reasonable prices. Particular attention given to the [illegible] and repairing of Turnishing Machine, Flour, Cotton Gins, Mill Works and Agricultural Work of all kinds. Blacksmithing, Job Work and Horse-Shoeing done with dispatch. Brass and Copper Castings bought for which the highest Cash price will be paid, or taken in exchange for job work. All kinds of Wood Turning also done.

[illegible] & GRAHAM.

**PROSPECTUS OF THE STATE JOURNAL.**

HAVING become the proprietor of the *Democrat* office, I have merged that paper into the STATE JOURNAL, which will be published Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

The STATE JOURNAL will advocate Democratic principles in their broadest sense, and will support and defend measures and their advocates as the exigencies require. In its columns it will be my aim to make the Journal—as its name denotes, a State Journal—and sectional considerations will be laid aside and her sons[illegible] the entire State and her sons[illegible]

As soon as arrangements can be made, the whole paper shall be enlarged and printed with new type, on good paper, and in a superior manner.

The Editorial department will be properly attended to in its columns, and will speak for itself. Neither labor nor expense will be spared in the management of the paper.

The terms of the STATE JOURNAL will be as follows:

Semi-Weekly.....$4.00
Weekly.....3.00

These terms must be strictly adhered to. In advance, without exception, will be insisted upon *invariably in all cases*. No paper will be put upon the list of subscribers, and all papers will be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid, unless the subscription be renewed. I am satisfied from my experience, that upon no other footing can a newspaper hope to succeed.

Advertisements will be inserted at proper character will be charged as follows rates:

One square.....$100
Each subsequent insertion.....25 cents.

Liberal deductions from these rates for yearly advertisements. In the Weekly edition, [illegible] will be charged.

JOHN [illegible]
Editor and Proprietor

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JOHN [illegible]
Editor and Proprietor

**NOTICE.**

The Magistrates of Mecklenburg county are requested to meet at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 1st Monday in March next, for the purpose of laying the County Tax, appointing County Assessors and other business of importance. A punctual attendance is requested as a majority must be present

WM. MAXWELL, C. C. C.

Feb 16, 163—

**HORSE STOLEN.**

Was stolen from my lot on the night of the 28th inst., two Mares. One is a clay-bank, black mane and tail, black legs, with white about the hoof of one of her legs, and a little bit out of one of her eye lashes and plain marks of martingals on her breast. The other is a roan, hip shod, her description is not distinctly remembered.

A liberal reward will be paid for their return to me, or information leading to my recovery of them.

JOHN TRELOAR,
Feb 2, '63—d6t&cj3t Charlotte, N. C.

**WE NURSE WANTED IMMEDIATELY.**

A healthy white woman, without a child preferred. Liberal wages will be given, and expenses paid if from a distance.—Will hire by the month or for the year.

Enquire at the Bulletin office.

Charlotte, N. C., Feb 4, 1863.—tf

**NOTICE.**

OFFICE OF N. C. R. R. CO., COMPANY SHOPS, Sept. 24, 1862.

Notice is hereby given to shippers and others interested that the tariff of freight rates on this Road will be raised twenty-five per cent, and the rates on passengers to five cents per mile, on and after the first day of October.

T. J. SUMNER, Eng't & Supt.

Sept 26, 1862—dtf

**J. S. PHILLIPS,**

**Merchant Tailor.**

HAVING located in Charlott respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

A complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings always on hand, which will be made to order at the shortest notice, after the latest fashion.

Shop three doors South of the Mansion House. sept. 19 tf

**WANTED**

2 or 3,000 lbs. good soft SOAP, for which the cash will be paid, either in Charlotte or at the Factory.

T. R. TATE.

Oct [illegible]

**PROSPECTUS OF THE CHARLESTON MERCURY**

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY NEWSPAPER

*PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY*

THE MERCURY gives daily reports of the Market and Marine Intelligence in Charleston, and of Charleston commerce in the leading seaports of the world. The Weekly Prices Current is made up with much care, and from the most reliable sources. Its connection with the "Associated Press" insures the latest intelligence by Telegraph and the earliest news by Steamers from Europe. It has an able and accomplished Correspondent in London (a gentleman connected with the editorial staff of the London Times,) and regular Correspondents in New York, Washington, Key West and Havana. The monthly New York Fashion Letters and weekly letters on Life in Washington are additional attractions in favor of its lady readers. Its literary notices, from the pen of a gentleman who occupies perhaps the highest position among the literary men of the South, are discriminating and comprehensive.—Attention is paid to all matters of general concern, but more in reference to the Planting and Agricultural interest, and to the current news of the day. Great care is taken that nothing shall appear in its columns which should be excluded from the family circle.

The political creed of the MERCURY consists in the principles of the Democratic Party, as laid down in the Virginia and Kentucky Resolutions of 1798 and 1799—the Sovereignty of the States; a strict construction of the Federal Constitution by the General Government, the agent of the States; Free Trade, and an economical Administration of the Government. Its policy is the Union of the Southern States in maintaining their rights.

**Terms—Payable in Advance.**

DAILY, per annum.....$10.00
TRI-WEEKLY.....5.00

**Clubs will be Furnished as follows:**

Five Copies of the DAILY for.....$40.00
Five Copies of the TRI-WEEKLY.....20.00

The name of no person out of Charleston will be entered on our books, unless the payment of the subscription be made in advance. Nor will orders from without the city to publish Advertisements, Marriage Notices, or Obituaries, be attended to, unless the cash, or an acceptable City reference, accompany the order. Money may always be forwarded at our risk in registered letters.

POSTMASTERS are authorised to act as our Agents in obtaining subscribers and forwarding the money; and by sending us *Five* DAILY subscribers, with $20 enclosed—or *Five* TRI-WEEKLY subscribers, with $20 enclosed, will be entitled to *an extra copy*; or if preferred, they may retain *Twenty per cent.* of the pre-payments, for their trouble and in lieu of the extra paper.

Out of South Carolina, no person whatever is authorised to collect debts already due to the MERCURY.

In the State Mr. SAMUEL E. BURGESS is our regular Agent to make collections and procure new business and subscriptions.

In Charleston, Mr. JAMES D. BUDDS, connected with the office, is our regular authorized collector who has full power to receipt for money now due the paper and to contract for future business.

Subscribers and others, in debt to us, are urgently requested to send in our dues by mail at the earliest period. By so doing, they will save us twenty per cent, an amount equivalent to a principal portion of the profits.

☞ EDITORS in the State and throughout the South, who receive our TRI-WEEKLY for their WEEKLY, are respectfully requested to compensate us for the difference in value by inserting this Prospectus.

E. B. RHETT, JR.
*No. 4. Broad Street, Charleston, S. C*

**PROSPECTUS OF THE RALEIGH STATE JOURNAL.**

ON and after the 1st day of November next, the STATE JOURNAL will be published

**DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.**

The DAILY STATE JOURNAL will contain all the news received up to the hour before mailing, and will consist of TWO EDITIONS DAILY. The MORNING EDITION will contain the news by the evening mail, and all TELEGRAPHIC NEWS up to 12 o'clock the previous night, and will be supplied to City subscribers and sent by the mails North and East; the EVENING EDITION will be printed at 3 o'clock, p. m., and will contain the additional news by Telegraph up to 2 o'clock, p. m., and will be sent to subscribers by the trains West and by the Fayetteville mail. Thus subscribers, no matter in what direction they may live, will have the news up to the departure of the mails.

Arrangements have been made to procure TELEGRAPH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE CONFEDERACY, expressly for the St te Journal. GENERAL NEWS BY MAIL will be promptly published. The MARKETS will be fully reported. RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS will be secured, in the Army and elsewhere. The LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS will be reported daily by competent Reporters. The STATE JOURNAL will be essentially a NEWSPAPER.

TERMS:

For the DAILY—In months, $6; 6 months, $3.50; 3 months, $2; 1 month, $1.

For the TRI-WEEKLY—12 months, $4; 6 months $2.50; 3 months, $1.50.

For the WEEKLY—12 months, $2; 6 months, $1.50.

ADVERTISING RATES.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 square, 1 day, | $0.50 | 1 square, 5 days, | $1.50 |
| 1 do 2 days, | 0.75 | 1 square, 1 week, | 1.75 |
| 1 do 3 days, | 1.00 | 1 do 2 weeks, | 3.00 |
| 1 do 4 days, | 1.25 | 1 do 1 month, | 5.00 |

Ten lines make a square.

☞ Advertisements for the Daily will be inserted in the Tri-Weekly PEACE OR CHANGE. This is an inducement which cannot fail to attract the attention of Advertisers.

The above rates apply only to the daily paper. Advertisements will be inserted in the Weekly paper at the usual regular rates, viz: One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

Address, JNO. SPELLMAN,
Editor and Proprietor.

Oct 17, 1862—tf

THE BULLETIN:

DAILY BULLETIN, $8.00.
TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN, $4.00.
CATAWBA JOURNAL, $1.00.

☞ THE DAILY BULLETIN is published every morning, Sundays excepted, at SIX DOLLARS per annum, IN ADVANCE.

☞ THE TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN will be published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, and supplied for $4 00 per annum, IN ADVANCE.

OUR TERMS.

FOR THE BULLETIN.

For one month, $1.00
" two " 1.75
" three " 2.00
" six " 3.25
" one year, 6.00

FOR TRI-WEEKLY BULLETIN.

For three months, $1.50
" six " 2.50
" one year, 4.00

FOR CATAWBA JOURNAL.

For one year, $1.00

The JOURNAL, our weekly edition, will not be forwarded for more than one year.

CHARLOTTE, Nov. 1, 1862.

# CHARLOTTE:

**Friday Morning, Feb'y. 20, '63.**

☞ For Telegraph News see first page.

### Weldon.

We are glad to learn (says the Raleigh *Register*,) that the works at this important point, which have been in process of execution under the superintendence of Gen. Gwynn, have been so far completed as (with a sufficient number of troops to man them) to render our railroad connection safe.

### Death of a Navy Officer.

Capt. Wm. McBlair, commander of the Confederate steamer *Atlanta*, (says the Savannah *News* of the 17th inst.,) died at his residence in Jones street, this city, yesterday, after a brief illness. Captain McBlair was a native of Maryland and an officer in the U S. Navy, from which he resigned shortly after the secession of the Southern States, and tendered his services to the Confederacy. The deceased was highly esteemed as a brave and skillful officer and an amiable and accomplished gentleman. He leaves a wife and several young children, who have the warm sympathy of our entire community.

### News Items.

We clip the following items of News from the Raleigh *Progress* of 17th inst.

Persons who left Norfolk on the 10th say a large fire occurred there just before they left, which destroyed $150,000 worth of property. It broke out in the store formerly occupied by Bloodgood & Co., and extended along Main street to Market Square, and thence down the Square to Butt & Douglas' shoe store. Some fifteen large buildings were entirely consumed. Fire was supposed to be accidental.

In Portsmouth, a fire had destroyed all the buildings on the North side of London street, from Court to Middle streets, except the Presbyterian Church.

It is said the Yankees admit a loss of 450 killed and wounded in the late fight with Pryor. Great excitement was created in the city when it was rumored that Gen. Pryor was on his way to attack Norfolk. Two large steamers were sent up and anchored between Nortolk and Portsmouth with the determination to destroy the two cities in case the attack was made.

Negroes are armed and doing picket duty They are also being drilled at Deep Creek.

An attempt was made to arrest a gentleman near Deep Creek, on his way to Petersburg, a few days ago. He was arrested in an old house near by, and told to surrender, but there being only one Yankee present, as he stated, he drew his pistol and shot him through the head, killing him instantly. We are gratified to learn he made his escape, and has arrived safely at Petersburg, but not without loss.

### Affairs in Texas.

The San Antonio *Herald*, of January 17th, says:

General Bee and staff started for Brownsville last Tuesday morning, where he will make his headquarters for the present.—Most of the troops that have been stationed about this city are on their way to the Rio Grande, where we shall soon have a force of 5,000 of the best fighting men in the South.

The Mexican company that is committing depredations on the Rio Grande turns out to be under commission from the United States, and known as the —— Regiment United States Soldiers," Colonel Zapatee commanding. This is proved by muster rolls and other papers found with them by Captain Benavides, who whipped them on the other side of the Rio Grande with a force quite inferior to his own.

We learn that negroes are being brought into Texas in large numbers. Those who have servants to hire out would do well to bring them to San Antonio. Labor here is in great demand, and brings a high price. There is no healthier place in the State than this city, and no place where runaway negroes would stand a worse chance to get away.

By order of our military authorities the wharves at Saluria, Indianola and Lavacca have been destroyed, as well as the custom-house at Lasalle. It is stated also that all the houses at Saluria and upon St. Joseph's Island have been destroyed. The Abolition army have been expelled from Texas soil, and they will find it a much difficult and hazardous again to get a foothold.

THE PRESENT YANKEE CONGRESS.—The Louisville Journal catches a ray of the fire of the times, and thus illumines the Yankee Congress off the boards:

We count with great anxiety the days and hours which, as they pass, hasten the advent of the fourth of March, when the present radical Congress will terminate by its constitutional limitation. Until that time arrives, the country will have a constant state of apprehension, and the truly loyal should prepare a day of jubilee to celebrate. The close of the miserable legislation which has brought the country to the verge of ruin, and have accomplished its destruction, has not talent been equal to its malignity. It is always darkest just before the day, and amid the present gloom and despondency, we look forward to the fifth of March as the glorious dawning of a better day for the Union.

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**To the People of North Carolina.**

An adjourned meeting of members of General Assembly, and other citizens, who are in favor of sustaining a vigorous prosecution of the war till our independence is secured; who are for sustaining the authorities of both the Confederate and State Governments in all rightful and patriotic measures looking to that result; who are opposed to *party* organizations and *party* divisions during this war; who are opposed to the corruption, extravagance, and party tyranny of the dominant faction in this State; and who are for husbanding our resources, the better to enable us to pay, feed, clothe, and support the families of the gallant soldiers who are fighting our battles—was held in the Commons Hall of the Capitol, on Thursday night, February 5th, 1863, J. R. Logan, Esq., of Cleveland, in the Chair, and J. H. Foy, Esq., of Onslow, and J. D. Stanford, Esq., of Duplin, acting as Secretaries.

The following resolutions were, after debate, unanimously adopted:

We, a portion of the representatives of the people of North Carolina, in the General Assembly, now in session—together with other citizens of the State who concur with us in our views of the present crisis of affairs—impelled by a sense of devotion to our country, now struggling for freedom and independence—and impatient and indignant at the wrongs and oppressions heaped on us and those who agree with us, by an accidental dominant faction now in power in this State—having met together for the purpose of consulting with each other as to the course which duty to our country, to ourselves, and to the cause of truth and justice, requires us to pursue—after a calm and dispassionate interchange of views, having determined to organize for resistance at the ballot box, do hereby solemnly appeal to the freemen of North Carolina for the vindication of our conduct, and do hereby adopt the following resolutions as a basis of organization, viz:

1. *Resolved*, That during the continuance of the present war, we repudiate and abjure all idea of *party* organization—that we do not meet as *party* men—nor is it our purpose to accomplish or prepare for *party* objects. As patriots, as loyal citizens, both of the State and Confederate Governments; as unwavering advocates of Southern independence, and of an earnest and vigorous prosecution of the war we are now waging, until an honorable peace is secured—we propose to combine. As the victims of *party* oppression and tyranny, by the present dominant faction in the State, we appeal to all men who love their country better than they do party, to come to the rescue, and to vindicate the fair name and character of our beloved State, against the misrule, the reckless extravagance and party tyranny of the faction now in power. This faction, before the last election, affected to have forgotten all party divisions of the past, and professed a determination to ignore them for the future; but no sooner were they installed into power, than they assumed to themselves the party name of the *Conservative "party,"* and under that *party* name they have inaugurated and practically carried out the most unrelenting and tyranical system of party despotism ever known in the past history of partizan warfare.

2. *Resolved*, That mere political parties, based on a mere struggle for place and power, are improper and unpatriotic, especially during such a war as we are now engaged in, which involves the very existence of our country—that we do protest against the bitter, proscriptive, partizan intolerance and tyranny which have marked the course of the present dominant faction in this State, since they obtained power, as exhibiting an insatiate greed of office to be their common bond of union, when the efforts of every one should be directed towards saving his country instead of squabbling over the spoils of office.

3. *Resolved*, That in this holy struggle for all that is near and dear to freemen, concilliation, harmony, brotherly kindness and forbearance should be the object of every patriot; and we do, therefore, protest against the ruthless warfare waged by the dominant faction against men for honest difference of opinion, entertained not only at the present time, but even in the past—in their proscribing and turning out of office men who, by long experience and efficient discharge of duty, have won the public confidence; and whose services the State especially needs at the present time—as calculated to create divisions, strifes, and heart-burnings among our people—as tending to cripple and paralyze the efforts of our brave soldiers in the field, and to embolden and encourage our savage foes with the hope that they are to profit by our dissensions.

4. *Resolved*, That the secession of the States of the Southern Confederacy—North Carolina included—was rightful, just and proper, forced upon them by the long-continued and persistent outrages and oppression of the Northern majority, and that those who now continue to blame or cast censure on the act of separation and its authors, virtually admit their attachment for a disrupted government which was bent on enslaving us, and can be regarded in no other light than as sympathising with our enemies, and as opposed to the institutions and form of government the Southern people have chosen for themselves.

5. *Resolved*, That the separation of the South from the North is, and ought to be, final and irrevocable—that the Confederate States of America is a Government with the rights, powers and privileges of other independent Governments, entitled to the cordial support of all its citizens, and with power to punish treason and disloyalty on the part of those who enjoy its protection; and that all attempts, whether open or secret, to bring about a restoration or reconstruction of the old Union, are unpatriotic, wicked and treasonable—that to yield to the enemy now, and make terms of affiliation with a people who have proven regardless of all the most sacred pledges and obligations, would be not only a craven submission to tyranny, but would be casting odium and reproach upon the memories of the illustrious dead, who have been the martyrs of many battle-fields, and upon the blood cries from the ground for vengeance on our oppressors.

6. *Resolved*, That the adoption of the Constitution of the Confederate States was of their own free will, by the people of N. Carolina, in Convention assembled—that having freely assumed its obligations and duties, we are bound to observe them—that all attempts from any quarter to bring the State of North Carolina in conflict with the Government of the Confederate States, are unwise, unpatriotic and mischievous, as evincing a disregard for plighted faith, and as leading to the most ruinous consequences; that the management of the war and the defence of the country especially appertain to the authorities of the Confederate Government; and whilst we are ready and anxious to use every effort, and apply all our resources, both of men and money, to the defence of the State, (more especially to the eastern portion of it, now invaded,) still, we consider that defence can be effective only by a friendly and cordial co-operation by the two Governments, and by each confining itself within the sphere of its legitimate powers. We, therefore, appeal to the patriotic spirit of the people of North Carolina to visit with just condemnation all attempts of the dominant faction to pass measures through the Legislature calculated and designed to bring about a conflict between the State and Confederate Governments, which, if successful, would have produced the most alarming consequences—placed North Carolina in a position of hostility to her sister States—imposed on our people millions of taxes—left the State isolated and dependent on her own resources for expelling the enemy from her borders—and thus have exposed us to the devastation and subjugation of our vandal foes.

7 *Resolved*, That we endorse the conscription law now in operation as having been indispensably necessary at the time of its passage, to save our country from subjugation and ruin—that whilst we regret the necessity for its passage, and admit that in many instances its operation has been hard and oppressive, yet it was a dire necessity forced on the Government by the emergency—one of those great sacrifices which a people must sometimes make for their own preservation—that its operation has been successful—that under it we have gained great victories, and driven back our defeated enemies, and that all attemps to render conscription law unpopular and distasteful to our people, can do no good, but are calculated to do much harm—that the conscript soldier cannot be expected to fight if he listens to those who tell him he is the victim of oppression—and we therefore call on the people of North Carolina to visit with their reprobation the press and orators of the present dominant faction in the State, whose constant denunciation of the conscript law is calculated to dissatisfy the people with the Government of their choice, to paralyze the efforts of our soldiers, to encourage desertion in the army, and thus bring injury and disaster to our cause.

8. *Resolved*, That Jefferson Davis, the President of the Confederate States, has, and is entitled to our continued confidence and regard—that we believe he is actuated with an eye single to the public good—that in the herculean labors and sacrifices devolved upon him he has our sympathy and esteem; that it is the duty of all true hearted patriots to rally around and sustain him in this period of our country's trial, and that we regard the efforts of those who are constantly finding fault with and denouncing him, as calculated to produce great mischief, to render our people heartless, dispirited and dissatisfied, and to afford gratification and encouragement to our merciless enemies, who are trying to conquer, degrade and destroy us.

9. *Resolved*, That especially in time of war, when our expenses are so heavy, a rigid economy should be observed in the civil departments of the Government, in order the better to enable the State to provide for the maintenance of the war and the support of our soldiers and their families; and we, therefore, call upon the people of the State to rebuke the faction now in power, for their unheard of and unparalleled extravagance in the expendi ure of the public money, in creating numerous and needless offices, to be filled by party favorites, and in the increase of salaries of public officers, to an extent far exceeding in proportion what is received by the officers and soldiers who are fighting our battles.

10. *Resolved*, That we cordially approve of the positions assumed by the present Governor of the State, Z. B. Vance, in his messages and proclamations so far as regards the rigid enforcement of the laws calculated and designed to ensure a vigorous prosecution of the war, and the application of all and every of our available resources, both of men and money, if necessary, for securing our independence and freedom, and also, of his views in regard to our bounden duty to share all we have with our brave and patriotic soldiers, who are fighting our battles; that regardless of all party considerations, we will stand by and sustain him in all measures which we consider to be promotive of the public good; that we indignantly protest against the machinations of those who are endeavoring to cajole him into being a *party* Governor, and who would thus sacrifice him and his reputation, together with the best interests of the country, merely to promote their own selfish and partizan ends.

11 *Resolved*, That we do hereby appeal to all true hearted patriots in the State to unite with us in the foregoing basis of organization, regardless of all past party affiliations or political predilections—to hold public meetings, appoint committees of Vigilence and correspondence for their respective counties; to organize preparatory to the next Congressional elections in this State, and bring out candidates for Congress in the respective districts, who agree with us in sentiment, who prefer the interests of our country to the mere behests of party, and who condemns the factious misgovernment and party tyranny which (unknown in all the other States of the Confederacy) have temporarily cast a blot on the escutcheon of our noble old State.

12. *Resolved*, That a Central Committee of 13 be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting; that said committee be requested to issue an address to the people of the State at such time as they may deem expedient, explaining more in detail the principles and purpose of our organization—to call a convention of those who agree with us, and are disposed to affiliate with us, at such time as they deem proper, and that said central committee be authorized and requested to use their best exertions to accomplish the objects and carry out the views of this meeting; and that an additional committee of ten, one in each Congressional district in the State, be also appointed by the Chair—to be a committee of correspondence and consultation, whose duty it shall be to attend especially to the interests and objects of our organization and to confer with the central committee from time to time, in reference to the means and efforts necessary to secure success

The Chair proceeded, after the consultation, to announce the following names of those to compose the Central Committee, viz: Hon Thos Bragg, Hon K Rayner, Hon D L Barringer, Col Ed G Haywood, C B Harrison, Jno W Syme, Jno Spelman, Col Robt Cowan, of New Hanover, Dr S L Love, of Haywood, Jno J Long, of Halifax, Henry G Williams, of Nash, W L Steele, of Richmond, Gen. Jno Young, of Mecklenburg.

And the following as the Committee of correspondence and consultation, viz: W W Peebles, of Northampton, Jno L Bridgers, of Edgecomb, Wm J Houston, of Duplin, E W Hall, of New Hanover, Hon Weldon N Edwards, of Warren, Hon D S Reid, of Rockingham, Sam'l Hargrave, of Davidson, Dr W J T Miller, of Cleveland, Hon W W Avery, of Burke, T W Atkin, of Buncombe.

Whereupon the meeting adjourned.

J. R. LOGAN, Chm'n.

J. H. Foy, J. D. Stanford. } Secretaries.

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**DIED.**

Died at Huguenot Springs, on the 31st January, of Consumption, Mr. PATERICK O'CONNALL PHELAN, of the 16th, N. C. Regt., Aged 21 years.

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**PUBLIC SALE**

OF

**NORTH CAROLINA**

**RAIL ROAD STOCK.**

WILL BE SOLD ON WEDNESDAY, the 4th of March next, at 10 o'clock, at the Court House in Salisbury,

**133 SHARES OF STOCK**

*IN N. C. RAIL ROAD COMPANY.*

It will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.—Terms 3 months credit, interest from date, approved security will be required. The purchasers may pay cash if preferred.

P. B. CHAMBERS,
J. F. CHAMBERS,
Trustees.

ALSO,

on the same day the subscriber will offer for sale to the highest bidder, on the premises, the vacant lot near the Public Square, and adjoining the Drug Store of Henderson & Enniss.

J. F. CHAMBERS.

Salisbury, Feb 20, 1863—dts

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**Headquarters Department N. C.,**
GOLDSBORO', N. C., Feb. 12, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 8.

1. *Paragraph II, General Orders No. 5.* Current series in relation to the amnesty to deserters, is amended to read as follows: A full pardon, except as to forfeiture of pay for the period of unauthorized absence is hereby proclaimed to all enlisted men, absent without leave, who may voluntarily return to their respective commands on or before the 5th of March next.

* * * * *

By command of Maj Gen S G French.
GRAHAM DAVES.
Maj and A. A. Gen.

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OFFICE DEPARTMENT Q. M.,
Goldsboro', N. C., Feb 12th, 1863.

Each newspaper in North Carolina, and in Columbia, Anderson, Greenville and Yorkville, South Carolina, will publish above general order No. 8, once a week for three weeks, and send bill with copy of advertisement to this office.

Respectfully, J. B. MORRY,
Feb 20—cj3w Maj. and Dep't Q. M.

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**NOTICE.**

WE, the undersigned, being Legatees of the Estate of Margt. E. McLean, dec'd, offer for sale at public vendue, on the 3rd day of March, 1863, a TRACT of LAND, containing 240 acres, more or less, lying on the waters of the South Fork, adjoining the lands of John D. McLean and others. Terms made known on day of sale.

WM. R. McLEAN,
R. W. RUMFELT,
ISAAC L. McLEAN.

Feb 20—dltw1t*

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**TAX NOTICE.**

All Commission Merchants and Transient Traders in Town are hereby notified that the Tax on all goods, wares and merchandise of every discription brought into the Town for sale during the year ending February 1, 1863, will be strictly enforced, and all persons thus bringing merchandise into Town on their own account or having the same for sale on commission, are hereby notified to make return thereof to the Town Clerk.

By order of the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Town Clerk.

Feb 19, 1863—d3t

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**COMMERCIAL.**

The trading community will find with us all the articles in the GROCERY business now in the market.

We are also manufacturing by the case SHOES of superior quality and workmanship, and being in the regular Commission Business all matters entrusted to us shall be promptly attended to.

WILLIAMS & GRAY.

Charlotte, Feb 18, 1863—tf

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**Atlantic, Tenn. & O. R. R.**

Prepayment must be made on all Freights going up this Road at this point, when not paid south of this.

JAS. DANIEL, Agent.

Feb 18, 1863—tf

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**HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.**

I will sell at public auction on Tuesday, 24th inst., the HOUSE and LOT belonging to Dr. J. M. Miller, where he now resides. Possession given immediately if required.

S. A. HARRIS,
Feb, 10-d6t. Auc.

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**CHARLOTTE & S. C. RAILROAD**

WANTED to hire, FIVE SLAVES for the Charlotte & S. C. Railroad Company.

A. H. MARTIN, Agent.

Feb. 18, 1863—tf

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**ELEGANT SHOES FOR SALE.**

Very neat Gents' Calf BOOTEES for Ladies.
Pegged Calf Bootees (slight) for Ladies.
Pegged Goat Skin Bootees for Ladies.
Gent's High Cut Scotch, neatly made.
Elegant pegged and sewed BROGANS, double sole.

A fresh arrival of Shoe PEGS, to sell by the quart, sizes 4-8, 5-8, 6-8 and 7-8.

Also, a lot of SHOE KNIVES.

JNO. F. BUTT,
Mint Street, Charlotte, N. C.

Feb 18, 1863—dtfc

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**BLACK ALPACCA.**

Just received a superior lot of the above desirable Goods for ladies dresses, which will be sold at a very small advance on cost.

J. S. PHILLIPS.

Feb 16, '63—d1m

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**Headquarters Examining Board, and Enrolling of Conscripts,**
SALISBURY, Feb. 10, 1863.

THE COMMANDING OFFICERS of Regiments of N. C. Militia in the 8th Congressional District, are hereby notified to assemble all white male persons between the ages of 18 and 40 years, within their regiments, at the Court Houses of their respective counties for Medical Examination and final enrollment, at the times hereinafter mentioned:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cleaveland County, | Feb'y | 25, 26, 27, 28, |
| Gaston " | March | 2, 3, 4, 5, |
| Lincoln, " | " | 9, 10, 11, 12, |
| Catawba, " | " | 14, 16, 17. 18, |
| Union, " | " | 23, 24, 25, 26, |
| Mecklenburg, " | " | 30, 31, April 1, 2, 3, |
| Cabarrus " | April | 6, 7, 8, 9, |
| Rowan " | " | 12, 13, 14, 15, 16. |

JAVAN BRYANT, Asst. Surg.,
Chr'm Examining Board.

In obedience to General Orders, No. 82, Adjutant & Inspector General's Office, dated Nov. 3rd, 1862, all persons in the Eighth Congressional District between the ages of 18 and 40 years, whether residents of any other portion of the State, or of the other States, in which the aforesaid orders have not been suspended, are hereby required to report themselves at the above mentioned places to the Examining Board and Enrolling Officers, for examination and enrollment, on the days fixed in the aforesaid notice of the Examining Board. This notice includes all white male persons between the ages specified—those who have been heretofore examined and discharged either by State or Confederate Surgeons—those who have been at any time discharged from the army—those who have furnished substitutes—and any and all persons who may claim exemption on any ground whatever. No person's discharge, exemption, or detail from any service, will excuse from attendance at the place appointed.

All laws and regulations applicable to deserters shall be applied to such conscripts as fail to repair to the place of rendezvous for enrollment or who desert after enrollment.

All agencies employed for the apprehension and confinement of deserters, and their transportation to the commands of their respective commanders, shall be applicable to persons liable to duty as conscripts who shall fail to repair to the place of rendezvous after the publication of this call. Lieut. JAMES J. SPELLER,
Enrolling Officer for 8th District.

Feb 16, 1863—12t

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**Headquarters, Ramseur's Brigade,**
February 7th, 1863.

ALL COMMISSIONED OFFICERS of this Brigade, absent without proper authority, are hereby ordered to return immediately to their commands, or they will be recommended to be dropped from the service, and their names will be sent to the nearest Conscript Officer for enrollment.

All men absent without authority are also ordered to their respective companies under the severest penalties.

A full list of all such absentees—commissioned officers and privates—will, in a few days, be published.

All officers now absent on detached service for the purpose of collecting absentees, procuring recruits, &c., are hereby reminded that a failure on their part to bring or send a sufficient number of such to this Brigade, will involve a rigid investigation to the manner in which they have discharged their duty.

By order of Brig. Gen. Ramseur.

SEATON GALES,
Ass't Adjutant General.

Camp near Fredericksburg, Va.

Feb 16, 1863—5t

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**FURS WANTED.**

The highest cash prices will be paid for all kinds of country FURS, delivered to us in Richmond.

Messrs. Frazier & Sims, of Charlotte, will act as our agents, and will pay the highest prices. Persons who have Furs will do well to send them as above.

MOORE & HAYWARD,
84 Main St., Richmodd, Va.

Feb 10, 1863—1m*

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**CONFEDERATE 8 PER CENT. BONDS.**

For sale at the Branch Bank of North Carolina, Charlotte.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 9, 1863—tf Cashier.

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**CONFEDERATE 8 PER CENT. BONDS.**

For sale at the Bank of Charlotte, N. C.

J. J. BLACKWOOD, Prest.

Feb. 14, 1863—twtf

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**COTTON CARDS.**

200 doz pairs Leaf COTTON CARDS. I intend to sell these at auction price, without any profit, in order to help out.

GEO. M. GOODWIN.

Columbia, S. C., Feb 14, 1863—1w

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**NOTICE.**

We offer for sale a tract of heavily timbered land, containing 950 acres, lying within two miles of Monroe Union county, N. C., and less than two from the Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherfordton Rail Road.

On the premises there is a Circular Saw and Grist Mill, run by a first class Steam Engine of 36 horse-power. The Mills have been but a few months in operation.

One of us can be found at Monroe and the other on the premises.

WIATT & DILLON

Monroe, N. C., Feb. 17, '63—taw2w

☞ The Raleigh Standard copy four times and forward bill to us.

W. & D.

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**SAM'L J. LOWRIE**

**Attorney at Law,**

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

☞ Office in Brawley Building, opposite Kerrs Hotel.

Feb. 18, 1863 1y*

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**NOTICE.**

Persons having claims against the estate of Joseph O. Pharr, deceased, will present them for payment or be debard, and all persons oweing said estate will come forward and pay, as the estate must be settled.

H. A. AREA,
one of the Administrators.

Concord, N. C., Feb. 9, 1863—d3w

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**SULKEY AND HARNESS.**

On Saturday, the 28th day of February, will be sold at Auction in the public square in Charlotte

A TROTTING SULKEY,

almost new; also, a fine pair of

SINGLE HARNESS.

S. A. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

Feb 16, '63—ts

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**WANTED.**

A situation by a young man who has received an honorable discharge from the army. He has had two years experience in active business.

Address J. G. Jr.,
Feb 16, '63—d6t* Bulletin Office.

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**TO RENT.**

TWO Cellars and one good Warehouse. Apply to

WM. TRELOAR.

Feb 17, 1863—3t*

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**NOTICE.**

I will sell at the public square in Charlotte, on Monday the 23d inst.,

**78 ACRES OF LAND,**

known as the

**BARNHILL TRACT,**

and lying on both sides of the Lincolnton Rail Road, 5½ miles from town.

About 20 acres of original forest and 20 acres of superior pine timber, excellent for rails, house logs or cord wood; the balance in good tillage order.

S. P. CALDWELL.

Feb 16, '63—6t

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**BLACK TEA FOR SALE.**

Just received a small Chest at

E. NYE HUTCHISON'S

Feb. 13-d6t. Drug Store.

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**TO COTTON PLANTERS.**

I have been appointed, by the Secretary of the Treasury, Chief Agent for the purchase of Cotton for the Confederate Government within the State of North Carolina, and will pay for the same in 8 per cent. Bonds or cash. Sub-agents visiting the different parts of the State, buying in my name, will have written certificates of appointment.

Patriotic citizens are now offered an opportunity to aid the Government by selling to it their cotton rather than to private capitalist.

LEWIS S. WILLIAMS.

Charlotte, Feb 11, 1863—tf

☞ The Charlotte Democrat, Fayetteville Observer, Wadesboro Argus, Raleigh Register, and the Goldsboro Tribune are requested to copy the above one month and forward bills to this office for payment.

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**$100 BOUNTY.**

Having been enrolled, by Gen. Smith, as Recruiting Officer for the 53d Regiment N. C. Troops, I will be found in Charlotte for thirty days, ready to receive volunteers. All who avail themselves of this opportunity will be paid both the State and Confederate Bounty Those who do not will be conscripted

Come, men of Mecklenburg, and join one of the best Cavalry Companies in the army, and commanded by one of the best officers, Capt. J. R. Erwin.

All deserters and stragglers are warned to join their commands by the 10th instant, and they will be forgiven, except the forfeiture of pay for the time absent without leave. Those who do not report will be court martialed.

C. L. GIBSON,
Recruiting officer for 53d Regt.

Captain, J. R. Erwin;
1st Lieutenant, J M. White;
2d Lieutenant, C. L. Gibson;
3d Lieutenant, William Wylie.

Feb. 5, 1863—18t*.

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**RECRUITS WANTED.**

The undersigned are at home (under the last order from Gen. Smith,) for the purpose of recruiting. We are authorized to offer $100 bounty and all the benefits procured by law for volunteers, besides placing them in a good regiment, armed with the Enfield Rifle, and under the most experienced field officers. Those who do not wish to join us we would inform that we are authorized to recuit for any company in the department of North Carolina.

The "Conscript Law" is suspended so far as to allow those liable to select their companies, but if they fail to come forward and volunteer they will be enrolled and taken accordingly.

W. L. HAND, Capt.
Co. A, 11th N. C. Regt.
J. B. LOWRIE, 1st Lt.
Co. H, 11th N. C. Regt.
W. F. ROZZLE, 2d Lt.
Co. E, 11th N. C. Regt.

January 30, 1863—tf.

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**$100 Bounty for Volunteering.**

By recent orders from Headquarters, all persons liable to the last Conscript Act have the privilege of volunteering in any Company they may see proper to select without passing through the conscript camp.

The undersigned being appointed Recruiting Officers for the 53d Regiment N. C. T., Col. W. A. Owens commanding, and the 43d Regiment N. C. T., Col. Thos. Kenan commanding, will be found in Charlotte for thirty days to enlist all persons who may wish to avail themselves of the temporary advantage granted them.

State and Confederate bounties paid as heretofore to volunteers.

Men of Mecklenburg, now is your chance for good companies and regiments, commanded by excellent officers.

LT. M. E. ALEXANDER,
LT. WM. E. STITT,
Recruiting officers for 53d and 43d Regts.

Jan. 29, 1863—tf

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**APPEAL TO THE CHARITABLE.**

The funds for the support of the Charlotte Wayside Hospital are exhausted. The Institution has been sustained during the past year under the supervision of the Board of Commissioners of the Town by donations from our citizens. During this time many sick and wounded soldiers have been taken care of and it is the desire of the Board still to offer aid to our suffering soldiers if our community will aid.

Contributions for the Hospital will be received at the Branch Bank.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1, 1862—tf Town Treas.

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**DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.**

Opium, Morphine, Quinine, French Brandy, Old Port Wine and Castor Oil, (by the gallon,) Indigo, Castile Soap, Sup. Carb Soda, (by the keg,) Calomel and Nitrate of Silver, (Lunar Caustic,) just received.

WANTED, 150 pounds Red Rose Leaves (perfectly dry) for which 50 cents a pound will be paid by

E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co,
Charlotte, June 3—tf Druggist.

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**HURRAH FOR THE CAMPS.**

Just received this morning, from the blockade, Fine Tooth Combs, all sizes also English Dressing Combs.

For sale at

KAHNWEILER & BRO.

Aug 30 '62.

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**Book and Job Printing**

OF EVERY CLASS AND STYLE,

Neatly Executed at this Office.